$\qquad$ Hour $\qquad$
Book Website: connected.mcgraw-hill.com You should already have a username and password written down (Bingo sheet). If not, use the redemption code: 3R4X-EGN3-7KQO to register.

## Gravity and Circular Motion Book Assignment

p. 159-163

1. *Reminder: Vectors have both $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
2. Can you accelerate if your speed is constant? Explain!
3. Define centripetal acceleration:
4. Centripetal also is called $\qquad$ -seeking acceleration.
5. The acceleration will be directed toward the $\qquad$ of the circle.
units
Centripetal Acceleration $\left(a_{c}\right)=\underline{v^{2}}$
$v=$ $\qquad$ in
r
$r=$ $\qquad$ in $\qquad$
6. You are on the swings at MOA moving at constant speed in a circle. If your swing is 48.2 m from the center and has a centripetal acceleration of $4.05 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, what is your speed? ( $13.97 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ )

## Period of revolution:

7. Define period and include the letter of its abbreviation:

Objects moving in a circle at constant speed: $\quad v=\underline{2 \pi r}$
T
8. A ball is swung from a cord with a radius of 0.58 m at a constant speed of $2.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. What is the period of the ball? ( 1.52 sec )

Centripetal Force (force directed toward the center of the object's circular path)

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{a}_{\mathrm{c}} & \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{c}}= \\
\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{c}}=
\end{array}
$$

9. What is the centripetal force keeping Earth circling the sun? $\qquad$
10. A pilot is flying a small plane at $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in a circular path with a radius of 150 m . If a force of 655 N is needed to maintain the pilot's circular motion, what is the pilot's mass? (Find $a_{c}$ first, then mass) (109 kg)
p. 163
11. Explain why inertia, not a centrifugal force, causes you to slide to the right when you make a sharp left turn in your car.
$\qquad$ Hour $\qquad$
Book Website: connected.mcgraw-hill.com You should already have a username and password written down (Bingo sheet). If not, use the redemption code: 3R4X-EGN3-7KQO to register. p. 182
12. Isaac Newton determined that the force of $\qquad$ would act between any 2 objects in the universe and is known as the $\qquad$ force.
13. The gravitational force depends on the $\qquad$ of the objects and the
$\qquad$ between them.

Newton's law of Universal Gravitation: yellow box on p. 182 and p. 184 for G

$$
\begin{array}{cll}
F_{g}=\frac{G\left(m_{1} m_{2} \_\right.}{r^{2}} & G=(a \text { constant })= & \\
& m_{1}= & m_{2}=\ldots \\
& \text { in } \quad \text { Units }=\ldots
\end{array}
$$

14. All objects attract one another. Why do we not observe the attraction between 2 objects on Earth? (p. 185)

## Problems: No book needed:

15. Mars has a mass of $6.4 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{~kg}$, and its moon Phobos has a mass of $9.6 \times 10^{15} \mathrm{~kg}$. If the gravitational force between them is $4.6 \times 10^{15} \mathrm{~N}$, how far apart are they? $\left(9.44 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~m}\right)$
16. A 90 kg person stands 1.0 m from a 60 kg person. What is the gravitational force between them? $\left(3.6 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~N}\right)$
17. Tom is twirling his huge set of keys ( 1.5 kg ) for the building in a circle at the end of a cord at a constant speed.
a. If the keys have a centripetal acceleration of $145 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ and the cord has a length of 0.34 m , what is the speed of the keys? $(7.02 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s})$
b. What force is needed to maintain the circular motion? (217.5 N)
c. How long will it take to make 1 revolution using this equation: $v=\underline{2 \pi r}$
( $\mathrm{T}=$ the time for one revolution) $(0.30 \mathrm{sec})$
